

BASIC SCIENCES DIVISON

Department of Chemistry

Inorganic Chemistry I







Centro Universitario de Ciencias Exactas e Ingenierías

1 GENERAL INFORMATION									
Learning UnitDepartmentFormatInorganic Chemistry IChemistryLecture									
Prerequisites(P) Molecular Structure	Corequisites (CO) Inorganic Chemistry Lab I	Academy of Chemistry Structure of Matter				Matter			
Type Basic Particular MandatoryLecture hours 4 hours per weekPractice hours 0 hrs.Total hours 68 hrs.Credit 9				Credits 9					
Degree in which this class is taught: B.S in Chemistry.									
2 GENERIC COMPETENCIES									

Students...

- ... relate the position of an element in the periodic table with its properties and their quantic numbers.
- ... identify, quantify and utilize the concepts of acidity and basicity of substances.
- ...understand the importance of oxidation and reduction in chemical reactions.
- ... understand the importance of the solid state in the study of chemistry and the relationship structure- material properties.

3 SPECIFIC CHARACTERISTICS OF THE COMPETENCY						
Knowledge	 Symmetry Unit cell, crystal systems, Bravais lattices. Miller indexes X- Ray diffraction, Bragg's Law. Acidity, basicity, Oxidation and reduction, Descriptive chemistry of the main groups. (s and p blocks) 					
Skills	 Calculation Drawing Imagination Memory 					
Aptitudes	 Perseverance Observation Investigation 					



Centro Universitario de Ciencias Exactas e Ingenierías

•	Values	 Honesty Veracity Solidarity 	

4.- TRANSVERSAL COMPETENCIES

- \checkmark Foreign Language (English)
- Critical, analytical and synthetic thinking. \checkmark
- \checkmark Oral and written expression
- Professional ethics
- Administration of human and material resources \square
- Leadership and sustainability
- Creativity, innovation and entrepreneurship
 - Other

Universidad de Guadalajara



Centro Universitario de Ciencias Exactas e Ingenierías

5.- COURSE CONTENT OF THE LEARNING UNIT

1. Symmetry

- 1.1 Symmetry elements and operations
- 1.2 Point groups
- 1.2.1 High and low symmetry groups

2. Solid state chemistry

- 2.1 Hard spheres
 - 2.1.1 Closed packed structure
 - 2.1.2 Hollow, square, triangular and tetragonal structures
- 2.2 Unit cell
- 2.2.1 Primitive cells and non-primitive cells
- 2.3 Structures
 - 2.3.1 Crystal systems
 - 2.3.2 Bravais 14 lattices
- 2.4 Miller indexes
 - 2.4.1 Interplanar distance
 - 2.4.2 Interplanar angles
- 2.5 Defects and dislocation
- 2.6 X-ray Diffraction
- 2.6.1 Bragg's Law

3. Acids and bases

- 3.1 Acidity
 - 3.1.1 Arrhenius theory
 - 3.1.2 Bronsted-Lowry's theory
 - 3.1.3 Lewis' theory
 - 3.1.4 Pearson's acid-bases, hard-soft theories

4. Oxidation and reduction

- 4.1 Basic concepts of oxidation and reduction
- 4.2 Electrode potentials as thermodynamic functions.
- 4.3 Diagrams
 - 4.3.1 Latimer's diagram (reduction potential)
 - 4.3.2 Frost diagram (oxidation states)

5. Descriptive chemistry of the main groups (Blocks s and p)

5.2 Descriptive chemistry of the main groups (Blocks s and p)

6 ASSESSMENT
Numeric grade

Universidad de Guadalajara



7 GRADING CRITERIA OF THE LEARNING UNIT									
	Indicator of evaluation Percentage								
	Departmental exams	25							
	Partial exam	65							
	Homework	5							
	Research activities 5								
	Practice reports 0								
	Class participation 0								
	8 REQUIRED MATERIAL (for students)								
	 Calculator Periodic table Lab coat Text book Workbook Tables of standard potential, table of mobility, etc 								



Universidad de Guadalajara

9SPECIFIC CONTENT BY LEARNING UNITS								
Content unit	Generic competency of the content unit	Topics	Class hours	Professor activities	Student activities	Bibliography		
Unit 1: Symmetry	Students - are able to assign the point group of a molecule.	1.1 Symmetry elements and operations	5	Professor -lectures -creates and corrects homework. - designs exams.	Students - answer online and paper activities as well as homework and exams.	Alan Vincent. Molecular Symmetry and group theory.		
		1.2 Point groups	5					
Unit 2. Solid state chemistry	Students - are able to distinguish the different crystal structures of inorganic phases. -interpret the diffractions of crystals correctly.	2.1 Hard spheres	6	Professor - lectures - solves problems and clarifies doubts. - administer s exams.	Students -answer exercises and problems in the classroom and on their own. -Investigate topics to understand basic concepts.	Glen E. Rodgers, Descriptive Inorganic, Coordination, and Solid-State Chemistry. Brooks S/Cole Cengage Learning L. Smart and E. Moore, Química del Estado Sólido, una introducción, Addison-Wesley Iberoamericana		
		2.2 Unit cell cells	5					
		2.3 Structures	7					
		2.4 Miller indexes	6					
		2.5 Defects and dislocations	2					



		2.6 Diffraction of x-rays.	4			A.F. Wells, Structural Inorganic Chemistry. Clarendon Press- Oxford Oxford University Press Ely House, London W1
Unit 3. Acids and bases	Students - understand the different ways to approach acidity and basicity in different compounds. - are able to predict the properties of acidity and basicity of different aqueous and non-aqueous systems.	3.1 Acidity concepts	10	Professor - lectures - solves problems and clarifies doubts. - administer s exams.	Students -answer exercises and problems in the classroom and on their own. -investigate topics to understand basic concepts.	Geoff Rayner- Canham, <i>Química</i> <i>Inorgánica</i> <i>Despcriptiva</i> , Prentice Hall. Huheey, J. E., Keiter, E. A., Keiter, R. L. <i>Inorganic</i> <i>Chemistry</i> , Harper Collins.
						I
Unit 4. Oxidation and reduction	Students -understand the concepts of oxidation and reduction	4.1 Basic concepts of oxidation and reduction	4	Professor - lectures - solves problems and	Students -answer exercises and problems in the classroom	Geoff Rayner- Canham, <i>Química Inorgánica Despcriptiva</i> , Prentice Hall.



	and their relationship with the thermodyna mics and chemical equilibrium.	 4.2 Electrode potentials as thermodynamic functions. 4.3 Diagrams 	4	clarifies doubts. - administer s exams.	and on their own. -Investigate topics to understand basic concepts.		
Unit 5. Descriptive chemistry of the main groups (Blocks s and p)	Students -are able to relate the position of an element in the periodic table based on their quantic numbers with their physical and chemical properties.	5 5.2 Descriptive chemistry of the main groups (Blocks s and p)	6	Professor - lectures - solves problems and clarifies doubts. - administer s exams.	Students -answer exercises and problems in the classroom and on their own. -Investigate topics to understand basic concepts.	Giuseppe Bruni, <i>Química</i> <i>Inorgánica</i> , Uteha. Geoff Rayner- Canham, <i>Química</i> <i>Inorgánica</i> <i>Despcriptiva</i> , Prentice Hall. James E. House, Kathleen A. House, <i>Descriptive</i> <i>Inorganic</i> <i>Chemistry</i> , Elsevier.	
- Part - Dep - Reso - Prol	COURSE EVIDENCES (Deliverables) - Partial Exam - Departmental exam - Research tasks - Problem and concept solutions						



10.-PROFESSOR'S PROFILE

Bachelor, Master or Doctorate degree in Chemistry, Chemical Engineering, or related degrees.

11.-AUTHORS OF THE LEARNING UNIT

Karina Viridiana Chávez Hernández, Araceli Guadalupe Trujillo Orozco, Maite Rentería Urquiza, Sara Angélica Cortés Llamas, Víctor Manuel Soto García

12.-MODIFICATION AND UPDATE

March 22, 2017